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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/679,214	10/03/2003	Robert R. Bushey	130332.00043	5961
67942 7590 10/08/2008 RAMAN N. DEWAN			EXAMINER	
JACKSON WALKER, L.L.P.			HONG, HARRY S	
100 CONGRESS AVENUE SUITE 1100		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
AUSTIN, TX 78701			2614	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No. Applicant(s) 10/679 214 BUSHEY ET AL. Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit Harry S. Hong 2614 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 June 2008. 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 12-14.16-24 and 26-28 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 12-14,16-24 and 26-28 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 03 October 2003 is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date. Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date _______.

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application

6) Other:

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148
 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 3. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 4. Claims 12-14, 16-21, 23, 24, and 26-28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being obvious over Hunt et al. (Hunt; 6,094,476; applied for the third time in view of Bohacek et al. (Bohacek; US 6,411,687 B1; applied for the second time) and further in view of Knott et al. (Knott; US 2004/0042592 A1).

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The applied reference has a common assignee and at least one common inventor with the instant application. Based upon the earlier effective U.S. filing date of the reference, it constitutes prior art only under 35 U.S.C. 102(e). This rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) might be overcome by: (1) a showing under 37 CFR 1.132 that any invention disclosed but not claimed in the reference was derived from the inventor of this application and is thus not an invention "by another"; (2) a showing of a date of invention for the claimed subject matter of the application which corresponds to subject matter disclosed but not claimed in the reference, prior to the effective U.S. filing date of the reference under 37 CFR 1.131; or (3) an oath or declaration under 37 CFR 1.130 stating that the application and reference are currently owned by the same party and that the inventor named in the application is the prior inventor under 35 U.S.C. 104, together with a terminal disclaimer in accordance with 37 CFR 1.321(c). This rejection might also be overcome by showing that the reference is disgualified under 35 U.S.C. 103(c) as prior art in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), See MPEP § 706.02(I)(1) and § 706.02(1)(2).

Hunt plainly teaches the claimed invention. The claimed initial user interface reads on the speech UI of Hunt. Hunt teaches that upon monitoring the user response to prompts/responsiveness parameter that a next U/I is selected where the claimed next U/I reads on either the ambiguity resolution UI or the DTMF UI. Hunt is silent with respect to monitoring the inflection or the speed of the user's voice utterance. However, Bohacek plainly teaches such (see column 2, lines 47 - 53). Therefore, it would have been obvious even to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to

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incorporate the mood detecting feature of Bohacek into the system and method of Hunt in order to select an even more appropriate next user interface.

Further, Hunt in view of Bohacek is silent with respect to the newly cited features of the genders and rates of speech and features recited in claims 26-28. However, paragraph [0017] of Knott plainly teaches such features by name. Therefore, it would have been obvious even to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate those features of Knott into the system and method of Hunt in view of Bohacek since Knott plainly teaches the advantages such features in same IVR environment.

5. Claims 12-14, 16-24, and 26-28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being obvious over Bennett (US 7,047,197 B1; applied for the third time in view of Bohacek et al. (Bohacek; US 6,411,687 B1; applied for the second time) and further in view of Knott et al. (Knott; US 2004/0042592 A1).

The applied reference has a common assignee and at least one common inventor with the instant application. Based upon the earlier effective U.S. filing date of the reference, it constitutes prior art only under 35 U.S.C. 102(e). This rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) might be overcome by: (1) a showing under 37 CFR 1.132 that any invention disclosed but not claimed in the reference was derived from the inventor of this application and is thus not an invention "by another"; (2) a showing of a date of invention for the claimed subject matter of the application which corresponds to subject matter disclosed but not claimed in the reference, prior to the effective U.S. filing date of the reference under 37 CFR 1.131; or (3) an oath or declaration under 37 CFR 1.130

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stating that the application and reference are currently owned by the same party and that the inventor named in the application is the prior inventor under 35 U.S.C. 104, together with a terminal disclaimer in accordance with 37 CFR 1.321(c). This rejection might also be overcome by showing that the reference is disqualified under 35 U.S.C. 103(c) as prior art in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a). See MPEP § 706.02(l)(1) and § 706.02(l)(2).

Bennett also plainly teaches the claimed invention. The claimed initial user interface reads on the voice user interface of Bennett. Bennett teaches that upon monitoring the user response to prompts/responsiveness parameter that a next U/I is selected where the claimed next U/I reads on the dynamic changes of the operational characteristics of the voice user interface. Refer to the Abstract and to column 6, line 28 – column 9, line 40. The <u>dynamic</u> changes of the operational characteristics of the voice user interface is read as repeating the steps (see specifically column 7, line 65 – column 9, line 28). Bennett is silent with respect to monitoring the inflection or the speed of the user's voice utterance. However, Bohacek plainly teaches such (see column 2, lines 47 – 53). Therefore, it would have been obvious even to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate the mood detecting feature of Bohacek into the system and method of Bennett in order to select an even more appropriate next user interface.

Further, Hunt in view of Bennett is silent with respect to the newly cited features of the genders and rates of speech and features recited in claims 26-28. However, paragraph [0017] of Knott plainly teaches such features by name. Therefore, it would

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have been obvious even to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate those features of Knott into the system and method of Hunt in view of Bennett since Knott plainly teaches the advantages of such features in same IVR environment.

Conclusion

- The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Knott et al. (US 7,080,323 B2) also teach aspects of user interfaces characterized by genders.
- Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Response to Arguments

 Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 12-14 and 16-24 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Harry S. Hong whose telephone number is (571) 272-7485. The examiner is normally off on Wednesdays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ahmad F. Matar can be reached on (571) 272-7488. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Harry S. Hong/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2614